



**HCC**

**2013 Annual Report and Accounts  
Syndicate 4141**

**HCC Underwriting Agency Ltd.**

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**SYNDICATE REPORTS AND ANNUAL ACCOUNTS**

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**DIRECTORS AND ADVISORS**

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<b>Managing Agent:</b>	HCC Underwriting Agency Ltd.
<b>Registered Office:</b>	Walsingham House 35 Seething Lane London EC3N 4AH
<b>Registered No:</b>	4632146
<b>Directors:</b>	J H Bishop (Chairman and non-executive director) B J Cook K J Cordier J R Davidson T J G Hervy N I Hutton-Penman (Chief Executive Officer) K L Letsinger J L T Newbegin (non-executive director) W R Treen (non-executive director) S A Button H-D Rohlf (non-executive director)
<b>Syndicate:</b>	Syndicate 4141
<b>Active Underwriter:</b>	B J Cook (resigned 26 July 2013) S A Button (appointed 26 July 2013)
<b>Company Secretary:</b>	D R Feldman / R L Hughes
<b>Bankers:</b>	Barclays Bank Plc
<b>Investment Manager:</b>	General Re-New England Asset Management Ltd
<b>Independent Auditors:</b>	PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors 7 More London Riverside London SE1 2RT

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## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGING AGENT

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The directors of the Managing Agent present their report and the audited financial statements of Syndicate 4141 (the "Syndicate") for the year ended 31 December 2013 ("Annual Report and Accounts").

The Annual Report and Accounts have been prepared using the annual basis of accounting in accordance with Regulation 5 of the Insurance Accounts Directive (Lloyd's Syndicate and Aggregate Accounts) Regulations 2008 ("the 2008 Regulations").

### **Principal activity**

The Syndicate is managed by HCC Underwriting Agency Ltd. which is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by both the Financial Conduct Authority and the Prudential Regulation Authority. The principal activity of the Syndicate remains the transaction of general insurance and reinsurance business in the United Kingdom and it operates solely within the Lloyd's market from its offices in London. The Syndicate trades through Lloyd's worldwide licences and benefits from the Lloyd's brand. Lloyd's has an A (Excellent) rating from A.M. Best and A+ (Strong) ratings from Fitch Ratings and Standard & Poor's Corporation.

The Syndicate's capital is provided by Nameco (No. 808) Limited. The ultimate parent company of Nameco (No.808) Limited is HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc. (HCCIH), whose head office is in Houston, Texas. HCCIH is a leading international specialty insurance group with offices across the United States and internationally. As of 31 December 2013 HCCIH had total assets of US\$10.3 billion and shareholders' equity of US\$3.7 billion. HCCIH and its subsidiary insurance companies have a financial strength rating of AA (Very Strong) from Standard & Poor's Corporation.

The Syndicate is used by HCC underwriters to write business based on prescribed rules that determine which HCC carrier is utilised, the main determinate of carrier being licensing, distribution or client choice. Lines underwritten include Property Treaty, Property Direct and Facultative, Accident and Health, Energy, General Liability, Marine Hull and Professional Indemnity. In addition, the Syndicate exclusively underwrites Travel Medical business on behalf of the Group's wholly-owned agency, HCC Medical Insurance Services (HCCMIS), based in Indiana, USA. Financial Lines is similarly underwritten via HCC Global Financial Products S.L. (HCCG) whilst the Syndicate's Contingency business is underwritten via a consortium arrangement managed by HCC Specialty Ltd.

### **Strategy**

The Syndicate's business philosophy is to maximise underwriting profits whilst limiting risk in order to preserve its Member's equity and maximise earnings. Our strategic focus is to generate underwriting profit which meets HCCIH's risk adjusted return on capital. Insurance underwriting is concentrated in selected, narrowly defined, speciality lines of business where it is believed underwriting profit can be achieved. Our experienced underwriting personnel with access to, and expertise in, the insurance and reinsurance marketplace have enabled the Syndicate to achieve its strategic objectives. Continued increase in premium income is expected as the current portfolio of business is developed, but only if target returns can be achieved.

### **Market conditions and future developments**

We retain an appetite to grow the Syndicate should the prevailing market conditions and any opportunities presented be such as to enable us to meet our financial targets. HCCIH sees the London Market as a desirable strategic growth area and we will utilise our Lloyd's platform for growth opportunities as and when they arise.

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**REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGING AGENT**


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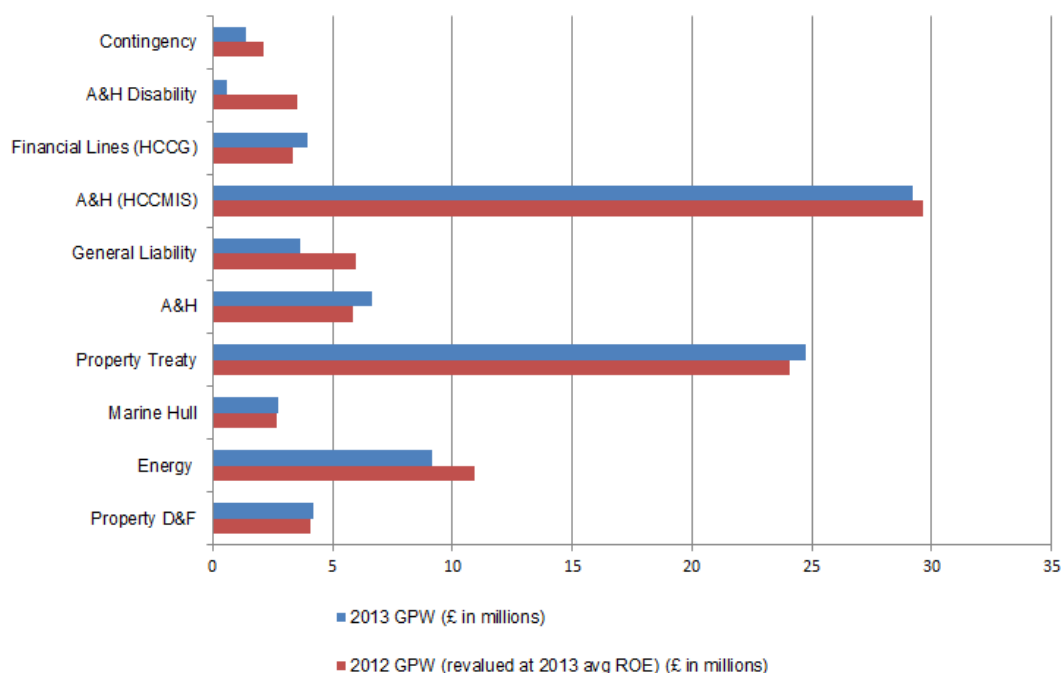
**Business review**
**Results and performance**

The Syndicate made a profit for the financial year of £12,535,000 (2012: £12,920,000), as set out on pages 13 and 14. As in 2012, the Syndicate benefitted from the relatively benign catastrophe environment during 2013 with no significant catastrophe loss impact. In addition, losses from 2012 catastrophe events, which primarily relate to Superstorm Sandy, and from the exceptional catastrophe loss years of 2010 and 2011 remained substantially unchanged in 2013. In total, prior year reserve movements resulted in a £0.5m release which was consistent with 2012 (see Note 2).

Gross written premium totalled £86.9 million compared to £91.1 million in 2012. The decrease in premium was seen across a number of the lines of business written by the Syndicate but most significantly affected were Accident and Health, General Liability and Energy. The rating environment in general was difficult during 2013 and we expect the same in 2014. We will not grow premium if we do not believe pricing is at a level that will meet our targeted returns.

The largest line of business underwritten by the Syndicate continues to be Accident and Health, followed closely by Property Treaty. The Accident and Health premium is driven by the Travel Medical business written on behalf of the Syndicate by HCCMIS. HCCMIS operates in a very competitive market place and during 2013 was forced to withdraw certain products as they were not achieving the target returns. Offsetting this reduction in premium was the continued growth in the short term travel medical product Atlas, which is sold to travellers around the world via the internet.

The following bar chart details the principal lines of business underwritten by the Syndicate and variances in gross written premium year-on-year:



Investment return was substantially lower in 2013 at £1.0m (2012: £4.6m). This fall was driven by reduced investment income due to the low interest rate environment and the decline in the size of the portfolio over the year, and net unrealised losses of £1.0m (2012: £1.7m gains) resulting from higher interest rates at the end of the year which decreased the value of the debt securities held.

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**REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGING AGENT**

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**Key performance indicators (KPIs)**

The Managing Agent monitors a number of key performance indicators for the business:

	2013	2012	Change
	£000	£000	%
Cash and investments	104,052	123,595	-15.8%
Gross written premiums	86,939	91,128	-4.6%
Underwriting result (excl. investment return)	11,584	8,324	+39.2%
Profit for the financial year	12,535	12,920	-3.0%
Net loss ratio	45.0%	46.7%	-1.7%
Combined ratio (excl. investment return)	85.1%	89.3%	-4.2%
Investment return	951	4,596	-79.3%

Overall, the directors are satisfied with the financial position of the Syndicate as at the year end.

**Business Line Synopsis**Accident and Health

This line is the largest line of business written by the Syndicate of which the Travel Medical business written by HCCMIS makes up a significant proportion. The overall environment for our Accident and Health portfolio is very competitive with plentiful capacity in many of the markets we operate in offering prices below our benchmarks. We however maintain our underwriting discipline and target areas of the market we believe we can make long term returns in. Our short term travel medical product Atlas, sold via the internet, continues to generate increased growth and in 2013 offset much of the premium lost from exited products, exited due to our belief that long term target profitability would not be achieved.

Property Treaty

Our Property Treaty account continues to perform well. Premium increased by 3% in 2013. We continue to maintain our underwriting strategy of supporting clients who we know well and offering capacity targeted at the higher end of client's programs. This strategy served us very well during 2010 and 2011 where our loss experience was significantly less than our peers. We are experiencing significant pressure on rates and conditions as we move into 2014, however we have a clear return orientated strategy and we will only support accounts that we believe will achieve good returns over the cycle. The ever increasing capacity in the reinsurance market, not helped by the inflow of the collateralised markets, will only serve to further drive rates and conditions down.

Energy

Our Energy portfolio is substantially comprised of Canadian exposures given the Syndicate benefits from the Lloyd's Canadian license. The Energy market remains very competitive onshore, but relatively well-rated offshore. It should be noted that we do not write Gulf of Mexico exposed business in the Syndicate.

General Liability

General Liability was a core business to Syndicate 4040 which was reinsured into Syndicate 4141 at the close of the 2009 underwriting year. We have subsequently reunderwritten the line, substantially reducing the Syndicate's exposure to larger exposed business and we exited the International business at the end of 2010. In general, market conditions remain very competitive and we continue to lose business to competitors who accept risks often at considerable discounts to our benchmark price. Premium for the 2013 underwriting year is again well below that of the previous year as we continue our efforts to refocus on smaller premium, less exposed business with lower loss frequency. We are also focused only on UK domiciled risks and our portfolio is performing significantly better as

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## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGING AGENT

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a result. In 2014 we expect to see a slight improvement in market conditions, along with an improvement in economic conditions which will result in some organic growth. We continue to run off the International portfolio and overall reserves have proved to be adequate as we settle claims.

### Other lines

The remainder of the business volume is derived from London Market Contingency, Financial Lines, Marine Hull and Property Direct and Facultative business. We remain conservative in our underwriting of these lines and we will continue to use the Lloyd's franchise to grow these lines.

### **Reinsurance**

We purchase reinsurance to cover catastrophe-exposed lines. The excess of loss programmes purchased are shared across the Syndicate and the other HCC International carriers. Reinsurance premiums are pro-rated across HCC UK platforms according to gross written premiums and reinsurance recoveries are pro-rated based on the share of gross losses suffered by each carrier. Purchases of the shared reinsurance programme are advised to both Lloyd's and the Prudential Regulation Authority. In addition, the Syndicate purchases quota share reinsurance to balance line size and premium where it is prudent to do so.

### **Principal risks and uncertainties**

The Board sets risk appetite as part of the Syndicate's business planning and capital assessment process. The Managing Agent regularly reviews and updates the risk register and monitors performance against risk appetite using a series of key risk indicators. The principal risks and uncertainties facing the Syndicate are as follows:

#### Insurance risk

Insurance risk includes the risk that:

- a policy is written for too low a premium, or provides inappropriate cover (underwriting risk); and
- the estimate of claims subsequently proves to be insufficient (reserving risk), for example, if the frequency or severity of insured events is higher than expected.

The Board manages insurance risk by agreeing its appetite for these risks annually through the business plan which sets out targets for volumes, pricing, line sizes and retentions by class of business. The Board then monitors performance against business plan through the year. Reserve adequacy is monitored quarterly by the Board.

The process of risk acceptance and risk management is addressed through a framework of policies, procedures and internal controls. These policies are subject to Board approval and on-going review by the Risk and Capital Management Committee. Compliance with regulation, legal and ethical standards is a high priority for the Syndicate and the Enterprise Risk, Compliance and Finance teams take an important oversight role in this regard.

A framework has been developed for identifying the risks that each business sector is exposed to and their impact on economic capital through the Risk and Capital Management Committee. This process is risk-based and utilises capital assessment principles to manage capital requirements and to ensure the Syndicate has the financial strength and capital adequacy to support the business and its future development and to meet the requirements of our Member as well as policyholders, regulators and rating agencies.

The Syndicate's activities also expose it to a number of financial risks, in particular, the risk that the proceeds from financial assets are not sufficient to fund the obligations arising from policies as they fall due. The key components of financial risk are *market risk*, which includes *foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk*, *credit risk and liquidity risk*.

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## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGING AGENT

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Foreign exchange risk – this is where the Syndicate is exposed to foreign currency losses as a result of mismatches in those individual currencies in which assets and liabilities are denominated. It is the policy of management to match assets and liabilities by currency.

Interest rate risk - this risk applies to the Syndicate holding of fixed interest securities. A rise in interest rates will reduce the value of fixed interest securities held by the Syndicate, however interest income from new purchases will increase. The Syndicate's Investment Managers monitor rate movements and adjusts its investment approach accordingly, within the criteria of the Syndicate's investment strategy and regulatory requirements.

Credit risk – this is where a counterparty is considered unable to pay amounts in full when they fall due. Key areas where the Syndicate is exposed to credit risk are:

- amounts due from policyholders;
- amounts due from intermediaries (e.g. brokers);
- reinsurers' share of insurance liabilities;
- amounts due from reinsurers in respect of claims already paid; and
- investment in fixed income securities and cash and deposits held at banks.

The Syndicate places a limit on its exposures to a single counterparty or group of counterparties. The payment history and financial security of the policyholders and intermediaries are reviewed when assessing credit risk.

Reinsurance is used to manage insurance risk. This does not, however, discharge the Syndicate's liability as primary insurer. If a reinsurer fails to pay a claim, the Syndicate remains liable for the payment to the policyholder. The Syndicate will only reinsure with reinsurers that are either on HCC's approved security listing or are specially accepted by the HCC Security Committee. All new reinsurers are assessed before business is placed with them. The creditworthiness of reinsurers is considered on an on-going basis, not just prior to finalisation of any contract.

The investment guidelines set by the Investment Committee contain limits to both sector and individual counterparty exposures. They also restrict investment holdings to investment grade securities as at the time of purchase.

Liquidity risk - this is the risk that sufficient financial resources are not maintained to meet liabilities as they fall due. To mitigate this risk cash flow projections are reviewed regularly. In addition, the Investment Committee is responsible, in conjunction with the Investment Managers, for setting investment guidelines for operating the portfolios, taking into account the cash flow needs of the Syndicate.

Operational risk – the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal process, people and systems or from external events. The Syndicate seeks to manage this risk through the use of detailed procedure manuals and a structured programme of testing of processes and systems by Internal Audit.

Regulatory risk - the risk of loss owing to a breach of regulatory requirements or failure to respond to regulatory change. The Syndicate is required to comply with the requirements of the Prudential Regulation Authority, Financial Conduct Authority and Lloyd's. Lloyd's requirements include those imposed on the Lloyd's market by overseas regulators, particularly in respect of US situs business. The Syndicate has a Compliance team that monitors regulatory developments and assesses the impact on Agency policy.

Group risk - this risk is the potential impact of risk events, of any nature, arising elsewhere in our Group which could adversely affect the Syndicate's business, reputation and financial position.



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**REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGING AGENT**


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**Directors**

The directors of the Managing Agent who were in office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were:

J H Bishop FIA  
 B J Cook  
 K J Cordier  
 J R Davidson  
 T J G Hervy  
 N I Hutton-Penman BSc, ACA  
 K L Letsinger BSc, CPA  
 J L T Newbegin  
 W J Taylor BCom, ACA (resigned 30 April 2013)  
 W R Treen BSc, FIA  
 S A Button (appointed 26 July 2013)  
 H-D Rohlf (appointed 16 January 2014)

**Directors' interests**

No director participated in the Syndicate.

**Financial information on HCC Underwriting Agency Ltd.**

Summary financial income of the Syndicate's Managing agent, HCC Underwriting Agency Ltd., is set out below:

	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
	<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>
	(unaudited)	
Managed capacity	130,739	130,739
Fee income	150	150
Expenses net of recharges	(102)	(107)
Other expense	(3)	-
Profit before tax	45	43
Net assets	807	772

A copy of the Managing Agent's financial statements are available for inspection at its registered office.

**Investment policy and management**

The investment function is overseen by the Investment Committee, which operates under terms of reference set by the Board. The Committee is responsible for preparing, in conjunction with the Syndicate's Investment Managers, the investment policy for approval by the Board. It is also responsible for monitoring investment performance and recommending the appointment of investment managers.

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## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGING AGENT

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The Syndicate maintains funds in US dollars, Sterling, Canadian dollars, Euros and Australian dollars. Certain national regulators lay down requirements for funds to be held and controlled either domestically or by Lloyd's. The remaining funds are referred to as unregulated funds and their investment is under the Syndicate's control within the framework laid down by the Prudential Regulation Authority.

General Re-New England Asset Management has been investment managers for the US dollar, Sterling and Euro funds throughout the year. Each fund consists primarily of a portfolio of highly rated Corporate Bonds which are BBB rated and above, including Bonds guaranteed by the UK, French, German and Canadian governments. The average duration of the aggregate funds at the year end was 2.64 years (2012: 3.25 years).

The annualised investment return on managed funds was 0.51% for the Sterling portfolio, (0.37%) for the US dollar portfolio and 0.13% for the Euro portfolio. The return on the Sterling portfolios was ahead of our benchmark, owing to the higher exposure to Corporate Bonds which benefited from the risk rally seen during the year. Another driver of this outperformance was the slight short duration bias of the Sterling portfolio by comparison to the benchmark and the beneficial impact of this as gilt yields rose. The return of the US dollar portfolios lagged behind the benchmark, due to a strategic decision to diversify into structured securities and maintain quality above the benchmark average. The return on the Euro portfolios lagged as the benchmark contained some peripheral Eurozone exposures which rallied very strongly in the past year.

Other funds were placed on the money market or within short-term liquidity funds.

### **Other matters**

No consents have been requested from the Council of Lloyd's.

The Syndicate has not entered into any incentive agreements with brokers.

### **Statement of Managing Agent's responsibilities**

The Managing Agent is responsible for preparing the Syndicate Annual Report and Accounts in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

The Insurance Accounts Directive (Lloyd's Syndicate and Aggregate Accounts) Regulations 2008 requires the Managing Agent to prepare Syndicate Annual Accounts at 31 December each year in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The annual accounts are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Syndicate as at that date and of its profit or loss for that year.

In preparing the Syndicate Annual Accounts, the Managing Agent is required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Annual Accounts; and
- Prepare the Annual Accounts on the basis that the Syndicate will continue to write future business unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Syndicate will do so.

The directors of the Managing Agent confirm that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the Annual Accounts.

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**REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGING AGENT**

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The directors of the Managing Agent are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Syndicate and enable it to ensure that the Syndicate Annual Accounts comply with the Insurance Accounts Directive (Lloyd's Syndicate and Aggregate Accounts) Regulations 2008. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Syndicate and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors of the Managing Agent are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Lloyd's website. Legislation in the UK governing the presentation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

**Disclosure of information to the auditors**

So far as each person who was a director of the Managing Agent at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information, being information needed by the auditors in connection with its report, of which the auditors are unaware. Having made enquiries of fellow directors of the Agency, each director has taken all the steps that they are obliged to take as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

**Independent Auditors**

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP will be reappointed as the Syndicate's auditors.

**Annual General Meeting**

The directors do not propose to hold a Syndicate Annual General Meeting during 2014, as permitted under the Syndicate Meetings (Amendment No. 1) Byelaw (No. 18 of 2000).

The capacity provider may object to the matter set out above within 21 days of the issue of these accounts. Any such objection should be addressed to D R Feldman, Company Secretary, at the registered office.

Approved for and on behalf of HCC Underwriting Agency Ltd.



N. I. Hutton-Penman  
Chief Executive Officer

13 March 2014



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF SYNDICATE 4141

### Our Opinion

In our opinion the syndicate annual accounts, defined below:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the syndicate's affairs as at 31 December 2013 and of its profit and cash flows for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of The Insurance Accounts Directive (Lloyd's Syndicate and Aggregate Accounts) Regulations 2008.

This opinion is to be read in the context of what we say in the remainder of this report.

### What we have audited

The syndicate annual accounts for the year ended 31 December 2013, which are prepared by the Managing Agent, comprise:

- the profit and loss account;
- the statement of total recognised gains and losses;
- the balance sheet;
- the cash flow statement;
- the statement of accounting policies; and
- related notes.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In applying the financial reporting framework, the Managing Agent has made a number of subjective judgements, for example in respect of significant accounting estimates. In making such estimates, they have made assumptions and considered future events.

### What an audit of syndicate annual accounts involves

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) (ISAs (UK & Ireland)). An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the syndicate annual accounts sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the syndicate annual accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of:

- whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the syndicate's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed;
- the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Managing Agent; and
- the overall presentation of the syndicate annual accounts.

*PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, 7 More London Riverside, London SE1 2RT  
T: +44 (0) 20 7583 5000, F: +44 (0) 20 7822 4652, [www.pwc.co.uk](http://www.pwc.co.uk)*





In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report and Accounts Syndicate 4141 to identify material inconsistencies with the audited syndicate annual accounts and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

**Opinion on other matters prescribed by The Insurance Accounts Directive (Lloyd's Syndicate and Aggregate Accounts) Regulations 2008**

In our opinion the information given in the Managing Agent's Report for the financial year for which the syndicate annual accounts are prepared is consistent with the syndicate annual accounts.

**Other matter on which we are required to report by exception**

Under The Insurance Accounts Directive (Lloyd's Syndicate and Aggregate Accounts) Regulations 2008 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Managing Agent in respect of the syndicate has not kept adequate accounting records; or
- the syndicate annual accounts are not in agreement with the accounting records.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

**Responsibilities for the syndicate annual accounts and the audit**

**Our responsibilities and those of the Managing Agent**

As explained more fully in the Statement of Managing Agent's Responsibilities set out on page 9 and 10, the Managing Agent is responsible for the preparation of syndicate annual accounts and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the syndicate annual accounts in accordance with applicable law and ISAs (UK & Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the syndicate's member in accordance with section 10 of part 2 of The Insurance Accounts Directive (Lloyd's Syndicate and Aggregate Accounts) Regulations 2008 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Alex Bertolotti'.

Alex Bertolotti (Senior statutory auditor)  
For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP  
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors  
London

13 March 2014

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**PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT:  
TECHNICAL ACCOUNT – GENERAL BUSINESS**  
for the year ended 31 December 2013

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	Notes	2013		2012	
		£000	£000	£000	£000
Earned premiums, net of reinsurance					
Gross premiums written	1	86,939		91,128	
Outward reinsurance premiums		(14,328)		(17,405)	
		<hr/>		<hr/>	
Net premiums written		72,611		73,723	
		<hr/>		<hr/>	
Change in the provision for unearned premiums					
Gross amount		5,024		2,931	
Reinsurers' share		(137)		1,131	
		<hr/>		<hr/>	
Change in the net provision for unearned premiums		4,887		4,062	
		<hr/>		<hr/>	
Earned premiums, net of reinsurance			77,498		77,785
Investment return transferred from the non-technical account			951		4,596
Claims incurred, net of reinsurance					
Claims paid					
Gross amount		(65,837)		(56,877)	
Reinsurers' share		18,688		4,096	
		<hr/>		<hr/>	
Net claims paid		(47,149)		(52,781)	
		<hr/>		<hr/>	
Change in the provision for claims					
Gross amount		(1,519)		15,203	
Reinsurers' share		13,826		1,277	
		<hr/>		<hr/>	
Change in the net provision for claims		12,307		16,480	
		<hr/>		<hr/>	
Claims incurred, net of reinsurance	2		(34,842)		(36,301)
Net operating expenses	3		(31,072)		(33,160)
			<hr/>		<hr/>
Balance on the technical account for general business			12,535		12,920
			<hr/> <hr/>		<hr/> <hr/>

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**PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT:  
NON-TECHNICAL ACCOUNT**  
for the year ended 31 December 2013

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	<b>Notes</b>	<b>2013 £000</b>	<b>2012 £000</b>
Balance on the general business technical account		12,535	12,920
Investment income	5	1,978	3,210
Unrealised gains on investments	5	-	2,254
Investment expenses and charges	5	(59)	(312)
Unrealised losses on investments	5	(968)	(556)
Investment return transferred to general business technical account		(951)	(4,596)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Profit for the financial year		12,535	12,920
		<hr/>	<hr/>

**STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES**  
for the year ended 31 December 2013

	<b>2013 £000</b>	<b>2012 £000</b>
Profit for the financial year	12,535	12,920
Foreign currency exchange loss on retranslation	(686)	(692)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total recognised gains	11,849	12,228
	<hr/>	<hr/>

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**BALANCE SHEET**  
as at 31 December 2013

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	Notes	£000	2013 £000	£000	2012 £000
<b>ASSETS</b>					
<b>Investments</b>					
Other financial investments	6		62,947		78,573
<b>Reinsurers' share of technical provisions</b>					
Provision for unearned premiums		4,046		4,286	
Claims outstanding	11	60,354		47,275	
			<u>64,400</u>	<u>51,561</u>	
<b>Debtors</b>					
Debtors arising out of direct insurance operations	7	20,595		20,593	
Debtors arising out of reinsurance operations		3,954		1,225	
Other debtors	8	2,357		1,572	
			<u>26,906</u>	<u>23,390</u>	
<b>Other assets</b>					
Cash at bank and in hand		771		2,836	
Overseas deposits	9	40,334		42,186	
			<u>41,105</u>	<u>45,022</u>	
<b>Prepayments and accrued income</b>					
Accrued interest		861		1,534	
Deferred acquisition costs		6,514		8,020	
Other prepayments and accrued income		13		-	
			<u>7,388</u>	<u>9,554</u>	
<b>Total assets</b>			<u>202,746</u>	<u>208,100</u>	



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**BALANCE SHEET**  
as at 31 December 2013

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	Notes	£000	2013 £000	£000	2012 £000
<b>LIABILITIES</b>					
<b>Member's balance</b>	10		3,858		(1,526)
<b>Technical provisions</b>					
Provision for unearned premiums		25,712		31,396	
Claims outstanding	11	157,998		164,052	
			183,710		195,448
<b>Creditors</b>					
Creditors arising out of direct insurance operations		1,572		3,233	
Creditors arising out of reinsurance operations		6,455		9,197	
Other creditors including taxation and social security	12	5,563		1,323	
			13,590		13,753
Accruals and deferred Income			1,588		425
<b>Total liabilities</b>			202,746		208,100

The annual accounts were approved by the Board of HCC Underwriting Agency Ltd. and signed on its behalf by



K L Letsinger  
Director  
13 March 2014

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**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**  
for the year ended 31 December 2013

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	<b>Notes</b>	<b>2013 £000</b>	<b>2012 £000</b>
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	13	(4,229)	78,016
Financing:			
Loss/(profit) distribution	10	(6,465)	872
Net cash (outflow)/inflow		<u>(10,694)</u>	<u>78,888</u>
Cash flows were invested as follows:			
(Decrease) / increase in cash holdings		(1,944)	901
Increase in overseas deposits		3,693	25,922
Net portfolio investments		(12,443)	52,065
Net investment of cash flows	14	<u>(10,694)</u>	<u>78,888</u>

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## ACCOUNTING POLICIES

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### BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Regulation 5 of the Insurance Accounts Directive (Lloyd's Syndicate and Aggregate Accounts) Regulations 2008 and applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom and comply with the Statement of Recommended Practice on Accounting for Insurance Business issued by the Association of British Insurers in December 2005 (as amended in December 2006), except for the inclusion of foreign exchange gains and losses in the technical account.

#### Comparatives

Where necessary, comparative amounts have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation in the current year.

### BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

#### Premiums written

Premiums written comprise premiums on contracts incepted during the financial year as well as adjustments made in the year to premiums written in prior accounting periods. Premiums are shown gross of brokerage payable and exclude taxes and duties levied on them. Estimates are made for pipeline premiums, representing amounts due to the Syndicate not yet notified.

#### Unearned premiums

Written premiums are recognised as earned according to the risk profile of the policy. Unearned premiums represent the proportion of premiums that relate to unexpired terms of policies in force at the balance sheet date, calculated on the basis of established earnings patterns or time apportionment as appropriate.

#### Reinsurance premium ceded

Outwards reinsurance premiums are accounted for in the same accounting period as the premiums for the related inwards business.

#### Claims provisions and related recoveries

Gross claims incurred comprise the estimated cost of all claims occurring during the year, whether reported or not, including related direct and indirect claims handling costs and adjustments to claims outstanding from previous years.

The provision for claims outstanding is assessed on an individual case basis and is based on the estimated ultimate cost of all claims notified but not settled by the balance sheet date, together with the provision for related claims handling costs. The provision also includes the estimated cost of claims incurred but not reported ('IBNR') at the balance sheet date based on management's best estimate using statistical methods.

These methods generally involve projecting from past experience the development of claims over time to form a view of the likely ultimate claims to be experienced for more recent underwriting, having regard to variations in the business accepted and the underlying terms and conditions. For the most recent years, where a high degree of volatility arises from projections, estimates may be based in part on output from rating and other models of the business accepted and assessments of underwriting conditions. The amount of salvage and subrogation recoveries is separately identified and, where material, reported as an asset.

The reinsurers' share of provisions for claims is based on the amounts of outstanding claims and projections for IBNR, net of estimated irrecoverable amounts, having regard to the reinsurance programme in place for the class of business, the claims experience for the year and the current security rating of the reinsurance companies involved. A number of statistical methods are used to assist in making these estimates.

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## ACCOUNTING POLICIES

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The two most critical assumptions as regards claims provisions are that the past is a reasonable predictor of the likely level of claims development, and that the rating and other models used for current business are fair reflections of the likely level of ultimate claims to be incurred.

The directors consider that the provisions for gross claims and related reinsurance recoveries are sufficient to cover liabilities arising out of insurance contracts that can reasonably be foreseen. However, the ultimate liability will vary as a result of subsequent information and events, and this may result in significant adjustments to the amounts provided. Adjustments to the amounts of claims provisions established in prior years are reflected in the financial statements for the year in which the adjustments are made. The methods used, and the estimates made, are reviewed regularly.

### **Unexpired risks provision**

A provision for unexpired risks is made where claims and related expenses arising after the end of the financial year, in respect of contracts concluded before that date, are expected to exceed the unearned premiums under those contracts, after the deduction of any acquisition costs deferred.

The provision for unexpired risks is calculated by reference to classes of business which are managed together, after taking into account relevant investment return.

### **Acquisition costs**

Acquisition costs, comprising commission and other costs directly related to the acquisition of insurance contracts are deferred to the extent that they are attributable to premiums unearned at the balance sheet date.

### **Foreign currencies**

Transactions in US dollars, Australian dollars, Canadian dollars and Euros are translated at the average rates of exchange into the Syndicate's reporting currency of pounds sterling. Underwriting transactions denominated in other foreign currencies are included at the rate of exchange ruling at the date the transaction is processed. Exchange differences arising on currency transactions are included in the technical account within net operating expenses.

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising from the retranslation of the opening balance of member's funds and the result for the year in the respective currency ledgers, are recorded as a movement in reserves within the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses.

### **Investments**

Investments are stated at current value at the balance sheet date. For this purpose, listed investments are stated at market value, being the bid price, and deposits with credit institutions and overseas deposits are stated at cost.

### **Investment return**

Investment return, which is reported in the profit and loss account, comprises all investment income (including the amortisation of premium or discount for fixed income securities), realised investment gains and losses and movements in unrealised gains and losses, net of investment expenses, charges and interest payable.

Realised gains and losses on investments carried at fair value are calculated as the difference between net sale proceeds and purchase price, or amortised cost for fixed income securities. Unrealised gains and losses on investments represent the difference between the fair value at the balance sheet date and purchase price or amortised cost for fixed income securities, together with the reversal of unrealised gains and losses recognised in earlier periods in respect of investment disposals in the current period.

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## ACCOUNTING POLICIES

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Investment return is initially recorded in the non-technical account. A transfer is made from the non-technical account to the general business technical account. Investment return has been wholly allocated to the technical account as all investments relate to the technical account.

### **Taxation**

Under Schedule 19 of the Finance Act 1993 managing agents are not required to deduct basic rate income tax from trading income. In addition, all UK basic rate income tax deducted from Syndicate investment income is recoverable by managing agents and consequently the distribution made to members or their members' agents is gross of tax. Capital appreciation falls within trading income and is also distributed gross of tax.

No provision has been made for any United States Federal Income Tax payable on underwriting results or investment earnings. Any payments on account made by the Syndicate during the year are included in the balance sheet under the heading 'other debtors'.

No provision has been made for any overseas tax payable by members on underwriting results.

### **Profit commission**

No profit commission is charged by the Managing Agent.

### **Syndicate operating expenses**

All Syndicate operating expenses are allocated to the year of account for which they are incurred.

Expenses which are incurred jointly for the Managing Agent and managed Syndicate are apportioned between the Managing Agent and the Syndicate on bases depending on the amount of work performed, resources used and the volume of business transacted.

Overriding and profit commissions earned on reinsurance contracts are included within Syndicate operating expenses on an accrued basis.

### **Pension costs**

HCC's International operations operate a Group Self Invested Personal Pension Scheme. Pension costs are expensed in full in the period to which they relate.

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**


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**1. SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS**

An analysis of the underwriting result before allocated investment return is set out below:

	Gross premiums written £000	Gross premiums earned £000	Gross claims incurred £000	Gross operating expenses £000	Reinsurance balance £000	Net Underwriting result* £000
<b>2013</b>						
Direct insurance:						
Accident and health	32,629	37,637	(21,433)	(17,770)	(891)	(2,457)
Marine aviation and transport	3,769	3,932	(1,005)	(1,129)	(807)	991
Motor (third party liability)	-	-	(911)	(3)	929	15
Fire and other damage to property	5,373	5,676	(1,480)	(1,243)	(619)	2,334
Third party liability	7,209	7,216	(29,953)	(2,208)	25,557	612
Miscellaneous	1,707	1,742	(580)	(897)	(28)	237
<hr/>						
Total direct	50,687	56,203	(55,362)	(23,250)	24,141	1,732
Reinsurance assumed	36,252	35,760	(11,994)	(8,964)	(4,950)	9,852
<hr/>						
Total	86,939	91,963	(67,356)	(32,214)	19,191	11,584
<hr/>						
	Gross premiums written £000	Gross premiums earned £000	Gross claims incurred £000	Gross operating expenses £000	Reinsurance balance £000	Net Underwriting result* £000
<b>2012</b>						
Direct Insurance:						
Accident and health	35,493	31,687	(17,656)	(16,863)	596	(2,236)
Marine aviation and transport	4,312	4,144	(2,813)	(1,124)	(1,456)	(1,249)
Motor (third party liability)	-	-	(2,659)	(341)	2,617	(383)
Fire and other damage to property	6,145	5,759	3,384	(1,241)	(5,172)	2,730
Third party liability	9,016	16,508	(1,681)	(6,974)	(7,088)	765
Miscellaneous	2,018	1,839	(827)	(1,040)	(93)	(121)
<hr/>						
Total direct	56,984	59,937	(22,252)	(27,583)	(10,596)	(494)
Reinsurance assumed	34,144	34,122	(19,422)	(7,746)	1,864	8,818
<hr/>						
Total	91,128	94,059	(41,674)	(35,329)	(8,732)	8,324

\* Before allocated investment return

The reinsurance balance represents the (charge)/credit to the technical account from the aggregate of all items relating to reinsurance outwards.

All premiums were concluded and net assets originated in the UK.

Total commissions for direct insurance amounted to £16,927,541 (2012: £19,885,103)

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**


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The geographical analysis of gross premiums written by destination is:

	<b>2013</b> <b>£000</b>	<b>2012</b> <b>£000</b>
UK	11,476	12,533
Other EU countries	4,035	4,928
Rest of the world	71,428	73,667
Total	86,939	91,128

**2. MOVEMENT IN PRIOR YEARS' PROVISION FOR CLAIMS OUTSTANDING**

Net claims incurred includes prior accident year reserve releases totaling £0.5 million (2012: £0.5m release).

**3. NET OPERATING EXPENSES**

	<b>2013</b> <b>£000</b>	<b>2012</b> <b>£000</b>
Acquisition costs	21,909	24,459
Change in deferred acquisition costs	2,342	1,898
Reinsurers' commissions and profit participation	(1,142)	(2,169)
Administrative expenses (see analysis below)	8,693	9,151
Profit on exchange	(730)	(179)
	31,072	33,160
<b>Administrative expenses:</b>		
Wages and salaries	1,763	1,193
Social security costs	207	169
Other pension costs	103	104
Total staff costs	2,073	1,466
Syndicate auditors' remuneration – audit services	169	201
Syndicate auditors' remuneration – other assurance services	110	140
Personal expenses	614	854
Other expenses	5,727	6,490
	8,693	9,151

All staff are employed by HCC Service Company Inc. (UK branch). The disclosures for staff costs above relate to underwriting, claims and underwriting support staff. The costs of staff providing central services for group entities are allocated and recharged to the Syndicate as a management fee. These employees are not included in salary costs and average staff numbers, as for disclosure purposes, it is not practical to allocate these amounts to the underlying entities to which the staff provide services.

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**


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The average number of direct staff (excluding directors) working for the Syndicate during the year was as follows:

	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
	<b>Number</b>	<b>Number</b>
Underwriting	8	10
Claims	4	7
Underwriting support	4	5
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	16	22
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

**4. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS**

The directors of HCC Underwriting Agency Ltd. received the following aggregate remuneration recharged to the Syndicate by HCC Service Corporation (UK). These costs are included in net operating expenses.

	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
	<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>
Aggregate emoluments	477	373
Pension contributions (note 19)	20	21
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	497	394
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

Included in aggregate emoluments above is £131,623 (2012: £154,894) for the services of the Active Underwriter. Pension contributions for the Active Underwriter totalled £1,286 (2012: £nil).

Pension benefits are accruing to 5 directors (2012: 4) under the Group's defined contribution scheme.

The amounts in respect of the highest paid director are as follows:

	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
	<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>
Aggregate emoluments	211	155
Pension contributions	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	211	155
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>



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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**


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**5. INVESTMENT INCOME**

	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
	<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>
<b>Investment income</b>		
Income from investments	1,931	3,157
Gains on the realisation of investments	47	53
	<u>1,978</u>	<u>3,210</u>
<b>Investment expenses and charges:</b>		
Investment management expense	(59)	(63)
Losses on the realisation of investments	-	(249)
	<u>(59)</u>	<u>(312)</u>
<b>Net unrealised gains on investments:</b>		
Unrealised gains on investments	-	2,254
Unrealised losses on investments	(968)	(556)
	<u>(968)</u>	<u>1,698</u>
<b>Total investment return</b>	<u>951</u>	<u>4,596</u>

The average amount of Syndicate funds available for investment and the investment yield were as follows:

	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
Average fund	96,399	121,539
Investment yield	0.99%	3.83%

The average fund is the average of bank balances, overseas deposits and investments held on behalf of the capacity provider of the Syndicate at the end of each quarter during the year. For this purpose, investments are revalued at quarter end market prices which includes accrued investment income. An analysis of the investment yield by currency is as follows:

	<b>2013</b>			<b>2012</b>		
	<b>Return</b>	<b>Fund</b>	<b>Yield</b>	<b>Return</b>	<b>Fund</b>	<b>Yield</b>
	<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>		<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>	
Australian dollars	850	27,057	3.1%	2,048	38,633	5.3%
Canadian dollars	66	5,521	1.2%	51	4,912	1.0%
Euros	(4)	6,713	-0.1%	362	9,016	4.0%
Sterling	196	28,102	0.7%	1,586	40,134	4.0%
United States dollars	(157)	29,006	-0.5%	549	28,844	1.9%
	<u>951</u>	<u>96,399</u>		<u>4,596</u>	<u>121,539</u>	

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**


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**6. OTHER FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS**

	<b>Fair value</b>		<b>Book cost</b>	
	<b>2013 £000</b>	<b>2012 £000</b>	<b>2013 £000</b>	<b>2012 £000</b>
Shares and other variable yield securities and units in trusts	12,107	11,032	12,107	11,032
Debts securities and other fixed income securities	50,840	62,729	51,496	61,891
Deposits with credit institutions	-	4,812	-	4,812
	<b>62,947</b>	<b>78,573</b>	<b>63,603</b>	<b>77,735</b>

Of the above, £50,840,000 (2012: £62,729,000) is listed on a recognised exchange.

**7. DEBTORS ARISING OUT OF DIRECT INSURANCE OPERATIONS**

	<b>2013 £000</b>	<b>2012 £000</b>
Due from intermediaries within one year	20,595	20,593

**8. OTHER DEBTORS**

	<b>2013 £000</b>	<b>2012 £000</b>
Balance with group companies	942	561
Coinsurer	655	463
Other	760	548
	<b>2,357</b>	<b>1,572</b>

All amounts are due within one year. Amounts owed by group undertakings are short-term, unsecured, interest free and have no fixed date of repayment.

**9. OVERSEAS DEPOSITS**

Overseas deposits are lodged as a condition of conducting underwriting business in certain countries.

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**


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**10. MEMBER'S BALANCE**

	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
	<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>
Member's balance brought forward at 1 January	(1,526)	(14,626)
Profit for the financial year	12,535	12,920
Foreign currency exchange loss on retranslation	(686)	(692)
(Profit) / loss distribution	(6,465)	872
	<hr/>	
Member's balance carried forward at 31 December	3,858	(1,526)
	<hr/> <hr/>	

Members participate by reference to years of account. Their share of the net result, assets and liabilities are assessed based on policies incepting in each open year of account.

**11. CLAIMS OUTSTANDING**

	<b>Reported</b>	<b>IBNR</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>
<b>2013</b>			
Gross claims	111,740	46,258	157,998
Reinsurance	(44,666)	(15,688)	(60,354)
	<hr/>		
Net claims	67,074	30,570	97,644
	<hr/> <hr/>		
<b>2012</b>			
Gross claims	112,263	51,789	164,052
Reinsurance	(41,247)	(6,028)	(47,275)
	<hr/>		
Net claims	71,016	45,761	116,777
	<hr/> <hr/>		

**12. OTHER CREDITORS**

	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
	<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>
Balance with group companies	5,563	1,323
	<hr/> <hr/>	

All amounts are due within one year. Amounts owed to group undertakings are short-term, unsecured, interest free and have no fixed date of repayment.

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**


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**13. RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING PROFIT TO NET CASH (OUTFLOW)/INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES**

	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
	<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	12,535	12,920
Realised and unrealised investment losses	8,849	1,999
(Decrease)/ increase in net technical provisions	(24,577)	54,486
(Increase)/decrease in debtors	(3,516)	6,681
Decrease in prepayments & accrued income	2,166	920
(Decrease)/increase in creditors	(163)	1,297
Increase in accruals & deferred income	1,163	405
Other movements – foreign currency loss on retranslation	(686)	(692)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	(4,229)	78,016
	<hr/>	<hr/>

**14. MOVEMENT IN OPENING AND CLOSING CASH AND PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS NET OF FINANCING**

	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
	<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>
Cash flow arising from:		
(Decrease) / increase in cash holdings	(1,944)	901
Increase in overseas deposits	3,693	25,922
(Decrease) / increase in portfolio investments	(12,443)	52,065
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Movement arising from cash flows	(10,694)	78,888
Changes in market value and exchange rates	(8,849)	(1,999)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total movement in cash and portfolio investments	(19,543)	76,889
Balance at 1 January	123,595	46,706
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Balance at 31 December	104,052	123,595
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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**


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**15. NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) ON CASH AND PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS**

	At 1 January 2013 £000	Cash flow £000	Changes to market value and currencies £000	At 31 December 2013 £000
Cash at bank and in hand	2,836	(1,944)	(121)	771
Overseas deposits	42,186	3,693	(5,545)	40,334
Shares and other variable yield securities	11,032	1,588	(513)	12,107
Debt securities and other fixed income securities	62,729	(9,995)	(1,894)	50,840
Deposits with credit institutions	4,812	(4,036)	(776)	-
<b>Total cash and portfolio investments</b>	<b>123,595</b>	<b>(10,694)</b>	<b>(8,849)</b>	<b>104,052</b>
			<b>2013 £000</b>	<b>2012 £000</b>
Purchase of shares and other variable yield securities			(1,588)	(1,161)
Purchase of debt securities and other fixed income securities			(6,250)	(70,464)
Sale /(purchase) of deposits with credit institutions			4,036	(4,812)
Sale of debt securities and other fixed income securities			16,245	24,372
<b>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from portfolio investments</b>			<b>12,443</b>	<b>(52,065)</b>

**16. RELATED PARTIES**

- a. The ultimate parent company of the Syndicate is HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc., a company incorporated in the USA and listed on the New York Stock Exchange. The consolidated accounts of HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc. can be obtained at its principal office at 13403, Northwest Freeway, Houston, Texas 77040 – 6094, USA, or from its website at [hcc.com/investorrelations/financials/financialreports](http://hcc.com/investorrelations/financials/financialreports).
- b. The Syndicate incurred managing agency fees of £150,000 (2012: £150,000) from its Managing Agent, HCC Underwriting Agency Ltd (HCCUA). HCCUA is a wholly-owned subsidiary of HCCL Holdings Ltd. An amount of £151,793 (2012: £103,532) was due to HCCUA at the balance sheet date. In addition, £6,842,497 (2012: £6,958,764) was paid to HCC Service Company Inc. (UK branch) for expenses paid during the year on behalf of the Syndicate and an amount of £2,948,812 was due to (2012: £405,386 due from) HCC Service Company Inc. (UK branch) at the balance sheet date.
- c. The Syndicate shares a reinsurance program with the other HCC International carriers. Reinsurance premiums are pro-rated across HCC UK platforms according to their respective gross written premiums, and reinsurance recoveries are pro-rated based on the share of gross losses suffered by each carrier. The balance due to HCC International Insurance Company plc (HCCII) at the balance sheet date was £1,078,453 (2012: £1,126,142).

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**


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- d. Nameco (No. 808) Limited (Nameco) provides the entire capacity of Syndicate 4141. The immediate controller of Nameco is HCC Intermediate Holdings, Inc. and the ultimate controller is HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc. There were no balances (2012: £141,875) due from Nameco at the balance sheet date.
- e. The Syndicate transacts business with agencies that are owned by the HCC group. Full delegated underwriting authorities have been provided to the following HCC group entities: HCC Specialty Ltd., HCC Specialty Underwriters Inc., HCC Medical Insurance Services, HCC Insurance Services Ltd. and HCC Global Financial Products S L. These arrangements have produced:

	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
	<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>
Premium income	35,556	37,816
Commission expense	14,553	16,780
Balance due to the Syndicate	1,824	2,499

- f. Claims and administrative services were provided in previous years by HCC Claims Services Ltd. (HCCCSL). These services are now provided by HCC Service Company Inc. (UK branch) and during the year totalled £260,674 (2012: £432,497). The balance due to HCCCSL at the balance sheet date, from services provided in previous years, was £88,903 (2012: £88,903).
- g. The following directors are also directors of HCCII, a wholly owned subsidiary of the HCC Group:
- J H Bishop
  - B J Cook (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)
  - K J Cordier
  - J R Davidson
  - T J G Hervy
  - N I Hutton-Penman (Chief Operating Officer)
  - K L Letsinger (Group Chief Financial Officer)
  - J L T Newbegin
  - W R Treen
  - S A Button (appointed 26 July 2013)
  - H-D Rohlf (appointed 16 January 2014)

**17. FUNDS AT LLOYD'S**

Every member is required to hold capital at Lloyd's which is held in trust and known as Funds at Lloyd's (FAL). These funds are intended primarily to cover circumstances where the Syndicate's assets prove insufficient to meet participating members' underwriting liabilities.

The level of FAL that Lloyd's requires a member to maintain is determined by Lloyd's based on Prudential Regulation Authority requirements and resource criteria. FAL has regard to a number of factors including the nature and amount of risk to be underwritten by the member and the assessment of the reserving risk in respect of business that has been underwritten. Since FAL is not under the management of the Managing Agent, no amount has been shown in these financial statements by way of such capital resources. However, the Managing Agent is able to make a call on the members' FAL to meet liquidity requirements or to settle losses.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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### **18. CAPITAL COMMITMENT**

There were no capital commitments contracted for but not provided for at 31 December 2013 (2012: £nil).

### **19. PENSION COMMITMENTS**

HCCIH's international operations operate a Group Self Invested Personal Pension Scheme. The assets of the pension scheme are held separately from those of HCCIH's international operations in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charged to the Profit and Loss Account for the year was £102,663 (2012: £104,069). The accrued pension cost outstanding as at 31 December 2013 was £nil (2012: £nil).